Heritage Property Registration Report and Recommendation







Report & Recommendation Heritage Property Designation Application Willow Church Cemetery Waugh's River, Colchester County, N.S.

Application:

Mildred MacDougall, President of the Willow Church Cemetery Society, a volunteer organization who has been caring for the cemetery since 1972, has made application to the Municipality of Colchester to have the Willow Church Cemetery designated as a *Municipal Heritage Property* (refer to Attachment 1). The Cemetery is located at 1778 Willow Church Road, Waugh's River, Colchester County, N.S. (refer to Attachment 2).

Wellwood Waugh was the first Scottish Settler to locate in North Colchester (Waugh's River) in 1781. At that time there were no churches in the area. To provide the community with a place of worship, Waugh and his sons built the first Willow Church on land Waugh donated. In 1795, the cemetery, the first Protestant Cemetery in North Colchester was established.

As noted, the Willow Church Cemetery Society has been funding and managing the care of the Cemetery for the past 50+ years; however, the membership is declining resulting from members aging. Therefore, there is urgency to have the Cemetery designated a Heritage Property and its historical significance preserved for the future.

Building History and Characteristics:

The Willow Church Cemetery has a long history in North Colchester (Waugh's River). Wellwood Waugh built the first church in the Tatamagouche area in the late 1700's and

established the Willow Wood Cemetery in 1795. The original church was destroyed in a gale, and was replaced in 1820; however, that building was lost to a fire in 1935. The Cemetery is all that remains on the lot where the churches had been located.

Waugh's wife, Nelly, was the first to be buried in the cemetery in 1795. A tabletop tombstone marks the resting place. There is a poem as written by Wellwood engraved on the top of the tombstone. Wellwood Waugh's name is engraved on the same stone and dated 1824 (death date).



In 1971, a cairn and plaque were erected in the Cemetery by the Nova Scotia Museum and funded by the Willow Church Community. Currently, there are approximately 211 persons buried in the Cemetery; however, not all graves have markers.



As outlined, the Willow Church Cemetery maintains the site (cleaning stones, lawn care, bush cutting, etc). However, the tombstones, cairn, and plaques are deteriorating.

Its Current Role in the Community:

As the Willow Church Cemetery was the first Protestant Cemetery located in the

Tatamagouche area, approximately 229 years ago, it is a landmark for the community.

Attachment 4, Letters of Support from various community members/groups are attached

in support of designating the cemetery as a heritage property to maintain the site as a

landmark.

Recommendation:

Wellwood Waugh and the Willow Church Cemetery forms a significant part of the history

of North Colchester, N.S. This level of recognition will continue to play an influential role

in maintaining the Cemetery.

Staff supports the request to designate the Willow Church Cemetery as a Municipal

Heritage Property.

Respectfully submitted,

Jill McGillicuddy Senior Planner

4

Attachments

Attachment 1	Application form & Consent form
Attachment 2	Location Map
Attachment 3	Additional Photographs
Attachment 4	Information Sources
Attachment 5	Letters of Support











Heritage Application Form

Name of Property (*) Willow Church Cemetery

Location (*) Corner of Huy. 311 and Willow Church Road, Naugh's River, Calchester Co., 11. S. Livie # 1778

Present Owner (*) Willow Church Cometery Society (see attachment A)

Action Requested Willow Church Lemetery Society
by (*)

Evaluation Criteria

1. AGE of Property? Established in 195 (229 years)

Condition? Site maintained (launcare etc.) hy Society but tombstones, cairn etc. deteriorating.

Source? and Plague (located in Cemetery)

2. ASSOCIATION with Individual(s)? Wellwood Haugh, the first Seattish Settler to

locate in March Calchester

Organization(s)?

Willaw Church Cemetery Society

Historic Event(s)?

Wellwood Waugh was the first Scotlish settler to locate in Morth Calchester. also, the Cemetery and Willow Church were the first Church (2) and Cernetery established in the Datamagorethe area. See table of contents # 2 "Willow Church Cemetery a brief history."

3. ARCHITECTURE (if applicable)

Type of	
construction?	

N/A

Architect?

N/H

Builder?

Wellwood Haugh and some brult the first church (2) and donated the land for both the Church and Cerretery.

5. LANDMARK

Do you or your association consider this property to be a landmark? Why?

Yes. The Willew Church Cemetery was the first Protestant Cemetery located in the Jatana genche area (229 years 290) therefore, a landonack.

5. PHOTOGRAPHS (Maximum 8) See attachment B

See attachment C

If applicable, must show total building, plus doors, windows and details.

File sizes cannot

Choose File no file selected

exceed 1MB.

Add another file

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Do you know of any other source ie.

book, report,

newspaper article or

individual that has

additional

information about this property?

Is there any other information that you feel is important and should be included?

Hes. The Willow Church Cemetery Surty has cared for and maintained the Connetery since 1972. However our membership is declining (age) and me would like to ensure that the Cemetery and its historical significance are preserved for the future.

Application

Prepared (*) Prepared by the Willow Church Cemetery Society

Address (*) % of vildred Mac Dougall, President, Willow Lhurch Cemetery Society, 80 & Im field Kd., Scotshern, M.S., BOK IRO

Phone (w)

Phone (H) 902 - 485 - 4694 - Summer Rottage # - 902.783-2474

Email (*) mildred macdougall @ hotmail.com

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	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
ľ	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Signature Philared Mac Wongall

Clear

Sign Above

Security check (*)



Submit

1 Church Street Truro, NS B2N 3Z5

Phone: (902) 897-3160

Fax (General Inquires): (902) 843-4066

Toll Free (in Nova Scotia): 1-866-728-5144



In peace and friendship, and in the spirit of truth and reconciliation, we acknowledge that the Municipality of Colchester is in Mi'kma'ki, the ancestral and unceded territory of the Mi'kmaq.

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WILLOW CHURCH CEMETERY A BRIEF HISTORY

The Willow Church Cemetery Society, a volunteer organization, has been caring for the cemetery since 1972.

To better inform you of the cemetery's historical importance, please note the following:

- Willow Church Cemetery was the first Protestant Cemetery established in North Colchester in 1795.
- The cemetery was established by Wellwood Waugh .
- Waugh was the first Scottish settler to locate in North Colchester (Waugh's River) in 1781.
- At this time there were no churches in the area (people gathered in local houses or barns for religious services). Accordingly, Waugh felt there was a need for a place of worship for the community. In the late 1700's, Waugh and his sons built the first Willow Church on land he donated for this purpose.
- Actually, they built two churches on the property. The first was destroyed in a "gale" (hurricane) and the second was built in 1820 but burned in 1935.
- The cemetery is all that remains with space in the middle of the lot where the churches had been located.
- Waugh's wife, Nelly, was the first to be buried in the Cemetery in 1795.
- a tabletop tombstone marks her resting place. Engraved on top is a poem (written by Waugh) and dated 1795.
- Wellwood Waugh's name is engraved on the same stone and dated 1824 (at the time of his death).
- regrettably the stone has deteriorated over the past 229 years .
- Currently there are approximately 211 persons buried in the Cemetery- not all have markers.
- In 1971, a cairn and plaque were erected in the Cemetery by the Nova Scotia Museum and funded by the Willow Church Community.

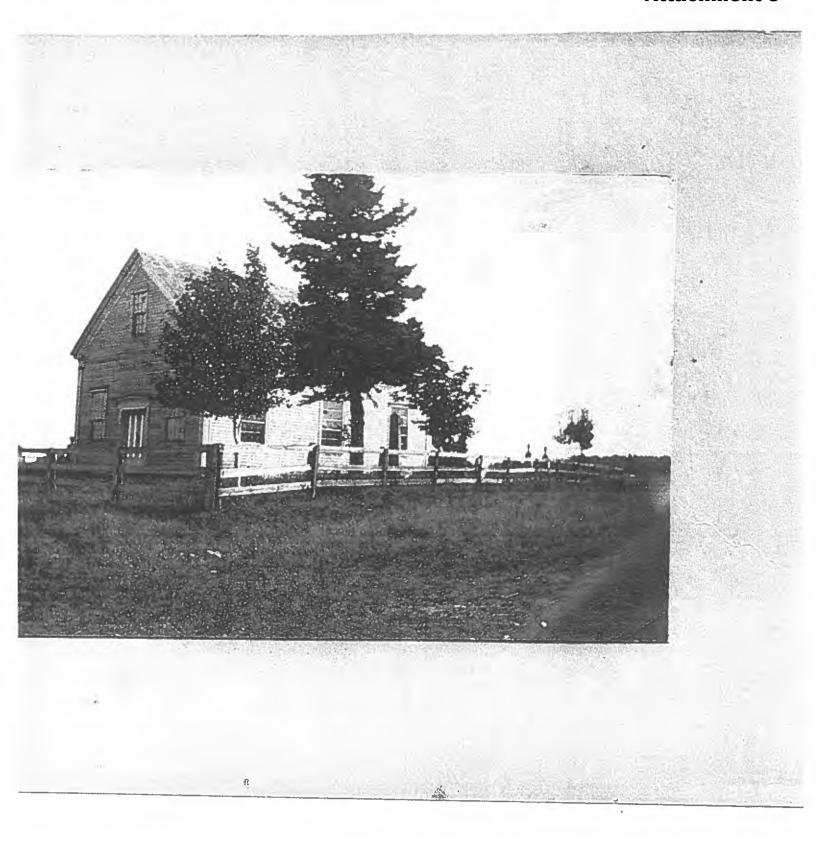
Our Society has been funding and managing the care of the Cemetery for the
past fifty-plus years (cleaning stones ,lawn care, bush cutting, etc.) but our
membership is declining (with age);thus the urgency to have the Cemetery
designated a Heritage Property and its historical significance preserved for the
future.

As we prepare the application for heritage designation, we have solicited, and received, the support of the following groups /individuals:

- the North Shore Archives Society
- the Creamery Square Heritage Society
- -Colchester County Municipal Council
- Municipal Councillor-Mike Gregory
- Rev. Glen Matheson, Interim Moderator, Sedgwick Presbyterian Church.
- -TomTaggert M.L.A.North Colchester
- Dr Stephen Ellis M.P Cumberland / Colchester

Should more historical information be required, see application and attachments.

Attachment 3







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€ 73%



X

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■ 13%



X

€ 73%

Thirty and sur years are part and york Fore and unity did still stored the was the mother of my tribe The sturty parts shall mean my duckling but. 15 ifore my door that I may see The place she lies I'll shortly be the was gealout for Christ's cause Agreeable to Scotland's conveniented laws. Mour precios is dressed as a bude In garments that are white and side That was dear bought by Christ for these while he was hanging in the tree. Thy soul in Heaven now sings praire high although they body movedering in aust doch lie at the dreadful trumpet sound Both flaver and larth will then reserved The next wice that their sheet hear It shall be suited with they ear The Judge says if sighteres some to the And have pleasure through eternity.

Wellwood Wrigh somposed this poem to his unfe. Neilie Henderson to be graced on the large herizontal takes over her grave at the Willow Cherk Cemetery

Tierlie Idenderson, Warryhu wife alied in







Attachment 4

ellwood **新教育** が記録 atemagone

BY ETHEL MOLCONNELL.

TATAMAGOUCHE - Wilhin sight of where this is being writtensylas the old Willow Church Cornetery where Well-wood Waugh, the first Scottish settler in Talamaronene, Nova Scotland lier huried among his tamily wand descendants. His mether his also buried fliere and a large head atone, has the inscription which Mi Waugh composed himself, engraved on it and which, after 154 years, is

stilli quite casy to read.

Shell was ninely years of age when she died to 1800/ and her hamo was Catherine. She had been a married twice and this stone had been erected by her two sone. Wellwood Waugh and William Campbell. The inscrip-tion contains 169 words and at the list of it are these words. This litemory of so much good-ness; and of a parent so devoted by dear, this stone has been erected by their sons. The righteous shall be to everlesting re-membrance."

membrance."
All story is told of Wellwood Waughts igrandmother, whose name was also Calineine. At the time of the religious persecullantal, the Scottish covenanters at Catherine's failter Scotland) was marked for death, thy man watche very least be would be arrested, his property

confiscated and his properly confiscated and his gapenter taken.

DREADED DRAGONS well Catherine wentwards the moor one days to you for more take some delicacies to a former servant of the amply who then servant of the tamily who lived in a small cottage on the catale. white there the dreaded dragounts were seen confing So the old tady hashly concealed Catherine invashing meal/chest. the lid of which did not alto-gether close and where there was a large key hole, which per-mitted breathing of which which while she crouched in terror.

the dragoons // sat / around the chest and threw trdice on the cover to decide which one should have Catherine for his own after they had killed ther father

They demanded tood and after cating everything which, was edible in the cottage, demanded to be edirected to Catherine's nome. The old llady misdirected them? as mich as the dared when they left; Catherine ran across the moor warned her father who rescaped with the members of this household to a refuge prepared months before His grand daughter, who was Wellwood Waugh's mother mar-ried Alexander Waugh of Dum-frieshire, Scotland, and after his death is married in a Campbell whose ison William settled in Piotou. He had five sons, three of whom came to Talamagouche and engaged in ship-building. Mrs. Ingram Banks of Waugh's River, Wellwood Waugh's great-gleal-great granddaughter, has many records of the early days. She has Mr. Waugh's diary, also the diary, written by his great

so the diary written by his great granddaughter it. Mary. Ann. Waugh, in which; sho fiells of the good musilies of her forestathers, and of the hardships which they and used. She so will be good waugh being possessed of great immess; of mind and of being a man of great ingenuity. He was a which wight by, trade, but he was also a gunster; of clocks, many of which may still be seen. (Mrs. Banks has one—a beautiful piece of work.) e beautiful piece of work.)

He made the first clock for the Presbyterian Church in Truro, N. S.—the first church in Truro, S.He started the building of the first church in Tatamazouche (Waugh River) and planted many levely willows around the graveyard. (There ere no willows now neither is there a church, but the cemetery still is called the Willow Church Cemetery.

The first church was built of logs by Mr. Waugh and his sons. They built a framed building afterward, which was burned in 1936-in it were burned all its valuable records. (Many of the Waugh descendants from all over the country are sending in requests to the Willow Church Camstery Committee to lank utter the grounds and graves and are accompanying their requests with a cheque.)
Writing of the hardships, Mary

Ann tells of her grandfather be-

M61 Val27 file 6

ing well off until all was instant place gut worship that Mr. in a the She had attendheard wough built grist and say mile, him tally of carrying a lobeter The wist mills are gone; but the busys and being a raid to The wist mills are gone; but throwith away because of lark the mine of the daths may still of food. Then one year the mice be seen on different brooks pear

At one point all he had to ent was nice estyring all he had to ent was nice esty which he divided with a younger ester and income.

It was much long after building at the grave he shad placed at large stane table and the long inscription. The work had been well-done and is as clear today as it was given in was inaspit was when it was in-scribed, 167 years, ago. Her lor-mer name had been Nollie Her-der son, end they had been inst-ried for thirty-six years. He died 20 years later, aged 83 Wellwood Waugh and his fam-

Wellwood waugh and his lam-lly arrived from Piclou by boat and hie liked the rith intervals along the river-intervals dotted with sugar impules, ash, oak, elm and beech, and in between the trees were many kinds of the fires, were many kinds of small fruiteyand praity flowers. The applied to Der Barres to purchase all the intervals along Waughas River out Des Barres would not sell. So he leased the land for 99 years. And later was successful in its out-right purchase. Fata Light hews. Espril 21, 2010

BACK WHEN... the first church was built in Tatamagouche

By Ellen Millard Special to The Light

The young boy noted the sign in the small cemetery in Waugh's River as they were nearing Tatamagouche. . "What does that mean, Mum? It says Willow Church Cemetery, but there is no church."

"I'm not sure, "she replied. "But perhaps there was a church here at one time. We should stop sometime to read what is on the monument in

the cemetery."

Had the family stopped to see the monument then they would have learned from the plaque that the cairn had been erected to commemorate the first church in this area, built by the first Scottish settler, Wellwood Waugh and that his wife Nellie was the first person to be buried in the cemetery in 1795. However Wellwood Waugh was not the first settler to the Tatamagouche area. For hundreds of years before European settlers arrived, the Micmac Indians lived in this area. They set up their camps along the shores of Tatamagouchein the spring to enjoy an abundance of fish in the mud flats and in the edges of the waters, as well as the arrival of the aquatic birds, geese and ducks. They stayed on through the fall to hunt the geese and birds as they migrated south again for the winter. The Micmac then moved inland to their winter camps in the woods for shelter and to hunt the many animals that would provide their winter diet

The Acadians came to settle in the Tatamagouche area in the early 1700s. As well as enjoying the bountiful food in the rivers and nearby shores, they diked the marsh land and began to grow crops to supplement their food supply. They were of the Roman Catholic faith and soon built a small chapel and buried their dead around it in plots marked by wooden crosses. Sadly the homes and chapel of the twelve Acadian families in this area were burned during the Expulsion of the Acadian in all of Nova Scotia in August of 1755.

Tatamagouche lay empty for nearly 20 years until the first Protestant settlers were brought here by Col. Joseph Frederick Wallet DesBarres. However, it would be five years later with the coming of the first Scottish settler Wellwood Waugh before any religious services were held in the area. There was no church so travelling ministers held church services in homes or barns in Tatamagouche when they made their rounds. The first services here were conducted by Rev. James Macgregor, a Presbyterian minister from Scotland, and were held in 1793 in Waugh's barn at such times that he was passing through the area.

In 1808, Rev. John Mitchell became a resident minister in River John and he began regular services in Tatamagouche in the Waugh's barn. By 1820 the settlers felt that a church or meeting place should be built to serve their religious needs and during the initial plans everyone was in agreement as to its location. But before the actual work began, a disagreement arose and Waugh wrote in his diary that "he, his sons, Thomas, William and Wellwood, encouraged by their minister, Rev. John Mitchell would build the house of worship on their land in near their homes in Waugh's River."

So in August of 1820, the church was completed and dedicated as the Willows Meeting Place. It is recorded that during the winter "a large portion of Mr. Mitchell's followers would gather at one church, the Willows Meeting House, for Divine worship, led by the presenters to sing the Psalms of David in the Scottish version." Hymns were not permitted in those days. Mr. Mitchell continued his ministry there coming up from River John until his death in 1841.

In 1826 Tatamagouche and New Annan grew to need a minister of their own so they extended a call to Rev. Hugh Ross. Early in his ministry, a church was built in Tatamagouche in a more central location than that of the Willow Church. The Sharon Church opened in the village in 1864 but for nearly 40 years, Willow Church had been the place of worship in the area.

In about 1852 the Willow Meeting House, the old log building with the wooden benches, was destroyed by a hurricane. Later that same year a new church was built and services continued to be held there for about 83 years. The end of the first church built in Tatamagouche came on August of 1935 when it was destroyed by fire. At that time many valuable records of the Willow Church were lost in the fire.

Today the people who sat within its walls are all gone and the beautiful willows that surrounded the church are gone as well. But the monument to mark its site and the well-tended graves in the Willow Church Cemetery remind us of the first families to come to Tatama-

tl li

Tree roots run deep (Part 2) - Welwood Waugh

By Carol MacKay

The Advocate is pleased to partner with the McCulloch House Museum & Genealogy Centre in a series of articles about the research being undertaken by the centre. Genealogy Gems are provided by the researchers of McCulloch House Museum & Genealogy Centre. The Centre provides access to thousands of archival records, genealogies and documents related to Pictou County. This is the next in the series.

There are few people living in the Tatamagouche area who have not heard the Welwood Waugh name, or know one or more of his descendants. A joiner and wheelwright by trade, he and his family of "boat people" came from Galloway, Scotland, on the Lovely Nellie in 1774 to P.E.I., then to Pictou in 1776, where he suffered harsh treatment for his hatred of all things British.

Colonel Frederick DesBarres was under pressure to have his land grants settled, especially the fertile land of Tatamagouche. Mary Canon, DesBarres' mistress and business partner, had heard of Waugh as a man of shrewd capacity and energy. Shortly after he moved to Tatamagouche, Canon summoned him to Windsor—a journey by horseback to Truro, then by boat to Windsor—to personally meet him. Favourably

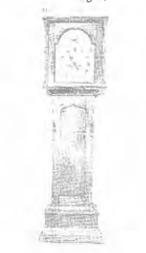
impressed, she appointed him to be her local sub-agent. This appointment would have a tremendous impact on such settlements as Waugh's River and New Annan.

Since Waugh received a long term lease, as well some of the best land, he faced resentment from the Montbeliard farmers who came from Lunenburg. There ensued much legal wrangling and pressure tactics by Waugh to force tenants to pay up on overdue leases. By 1787, many left for lands in River John, paying less than the rent DesBarres was charging. By 1795, there were only 19 families in the settlement, and his wife, Ellen, died.

Following his wife's death, Waugh spent time in Scotland learning to make clocks. Discouraged by the lack of settlers wanting to lease land at Tatamagouche, he had begun enticing Scots to the area, one of whom is well-known John Bell, my 4X great-grandfather, a forerunner of others who stayed at the Waugh farm for some time before he moved inland to New Annan, probably because he could not purchase land from DesBarres and did not want to be a tenant farmer.

By 1802, the Waughs leased 1,430 acres, with only 29 other families as tenants, many of them with descendants there today: Langille, Chalmers, Jollimore,

Welwood Waugh's Clock



Pictured is Welwood Waugh's clock.

(Contributed photo)

McBurnie, Ross. Mattatall, Patriquin, Millard and Henderson. By 1809, DesBarres was dissatisfied with Canon and Waugh's handling of his grant and filed a Bill of Complaint against them, a litigation that went on for years. More troubles beset Waugh and others in the community: in 1815, The Year of the Mice, acres of land were ravaged by their vicious assaults; in 1816, they endured 'The Year Without a Summer' when there was enough frost to carry a horse in June.

An indication of how impor-

tant religious practice was for Waugh: he bought a 1/3 share of a pew at the Truro Meeting House for 37 shillings and three pence; the minister was Rev. Daniel Cock, my 4x great-grandfather. In addition, Waugh frequently hosted church services in his home, barn and outside on his property by visiting ministers. After years of trying to get an agreement on where, when and how to build a church in Tatamagouche, Waugh and his sons erected one on their property in 1820, known as Willow Church, and frequently topped up the minister's salary from his own pocket. He maintained those who had not contributed to the church should not be buried in the cemetery where Waugh and his wife, Nellie, are buried in Lot 24. Colonel DesBarres died that same year, and the lawsuit died with him; his lawyer said, "Plaintiff cannot safely proceed to trial."

Source: Tatamagouche, N.S. 1771-1842, by Hon. Frank H. Patterson

Carol MacKay is a retired teacher living in Braeshore with her husband. She is a mother and grandmother with strong roots in Pictou County. She is a hobby genealogist and researcher. She was a Board Member for the Pictou County Genealogy & Heritage Society for a number of years, as well as active volunteer.

OTHER SOURCES

North Shore Archives Society- (see Letter of Support)

Creamery Square Heritage Society-(see Letter of Support)

Colchester Historeum:

We visited the Historeum to review the historical information of Tatamagouche and area.

Dale Swan(Local Historian):

Dale is a long -time resident of the Tatamagouche area with whom we had several discussions re the history of Tatamagouche, including the history of Waugh's River as well as the Willow Churches and Cemetery.

Tatamagouche, N.S. 1771-1824:

This book, written by the Hon. Frank H. Patterson, Q.C., presents the early history of Tatamagouche and surrounding area. We used this publication to fact check and gain a more complete understanding of area history.

Frank Wilson (Local Historian):

Frank has been a most valuable resource for our Society . He has a wealth of knowledge re the history of the Willow Churches, the Cemetery, Waugh's River as well as the Tatamagouche area.

Mary Hunter(Secretary/Treasurer, Willow Church Cemetery Society):

Mary has been our records -keeper for a number of years, and has been instrumental in helping us compile the information for our application and supporting information.

Annie Leslie (Former Secretary/Treasurer, Willow Church Cemetery Society):

Annie is a retired Teacher/Principal and a life-long resident of the Tatamagouche area. She was our secretary/treasurer for 30+ years. Her records have been a valuable resource as we prepared our application and supporting information. Of note, she will be 100 years of age soon.

NORTH SHORE ARCHIVES SOCIETY P.O. BOX 402 39 CREAMERY ROAD, TATAMAGOUCHE, NS BOK 1VO

September 12, 2023 Councillor Mike Gregory Municipality of the County of Colchester PO Box 77 56 Blair Avenue Tatamagouche NS B0K 1V0

Dear Councillor Gregory:

The North Shore Archives Society wishes to express their support of the Willow Church Cemetery Society's endeavor to establish the Willow Church Cemetery as a Provincial Heritage Property.

The Willow Church Cemetery is one of the oldest known cemeteries on the North Shore area and dates to the late 1700s.

A North Shore Archives Society member, Donald A. Beeler, researched and compiled a publication on the 47 known cemeteries in the Tatamagouche area entitled "Cemeteries of North Colchester County with Headstone Inscriptions" (2010, 2nd edition). Using the information gathered by Beeler we can determine that the Willow Church Cemetery contains the oldest gravestone that clearly mark and identify the person buried. There are older gravesites in the area associated with the Mi'kmaq, Acadians, and Montbeliards but none have identifiable markers.

The oldest gravestone listed in Beeler's book is for Nelly Waugh (wife of Wellwood Waugh) who died in 1795 and was reported to have been the first person to be buried in the Willow Church Cemetery. Nelly (Henderson) Waugh's is the earliest complete headstone in the local area with a name and date of death clearly inscribed. The monument is termed a table stone and is approximately 2 x 1 metres in size. Her husband Wellwood Waugh's inscription was added to the bottom of the stone after his death in 1824. With both names on the stone, the provenance of the Waugh's resting place is solid.

The Waughs and their family arrived in Tatamagouche by 1781. Waugh held many important positions during his life with the chief one being the local agent for Colonel Joseph Frederick Wallet DesBarres. He also acted as the local magistrate and was appointed as Justice of the Peace in 1805. Waugh became DesBarres' agent to manage the 20,000 acres of property in the Tatamagouche area known as the DesBarres' Grant. DesBarres had started the leasing of land to Montbeliard settlers close to a decade earlier but the settlement experienced difficulties and had not grown. Wellwood Waugh was able to increase the number of tenants, which formed a base for the development of the area. Waugh was instrumental in bringing John Bell of Annandale, Scotland to Tatamagouche. Bell later went on to establish New Annan and enticed other Lowland Scots to move to this area of Nova Scotia. Waugh also built Willow Church which was the first Protestant church in North Colchester in 1820.

The community of Waugh's River and the Waugh River are reminders of how influential Wellwood Waugh was in the area.

We believe that designating the Willow Church Cemetery as a Provincial Historical Property would: 1) recognize the oldest identifiable gravestone of the area 2) value the historic age of the graveyard, 3) honour the first permanent Scottish family to the area

and 4) credit the contributions of Wellwood Waugh to the history of the Tatamagouche area.

For the above reasons we offer our support to the Willow Church Cemetery Society's application.

Yours sincerely,

Floyd Tucker President North Shore Archives Society

Sources:

Israel Longworth's History of Colchester County. Nova Scotia Circa 1886
Hon. Frank H. Patterson, Q.C., D.C.L. TATAMAGOUCHE, N.S. 1771-1824
Donald A. Beeler Cemeteries of North Colchester County with Headstone Inscriptions 2010 2nd edition Dictionary of Canadian Biography, University of Toronto

CC: Mildred MacDougall, Willow Church Cemetery Society



Creamery Square Heritage Society PO Box 402 Tatamagouche, NS B0K 1V0

September 18, 2023

To whom this may concern,

The Creamery Square Heritage Society fully supports the application by the Willow Church Cemetery Society to have the Willow Church Cemetery declared a Heritage Property.

Among others of that time period, buried in that cemetery is Wellwood Waugh and his wife, Nelly. Wellwood Waugh was prominent in the settlement of Tatamagouche during the mid to late seventeen hundreds. He was responsible for the Scots contingent which is thriving in our area today.

In our Heritage Centre, we have an exhibit explaining the sequence of events which pertain to this settlement. The cemetery extends this story. We sincerely hope that this application by the Society will be accepted. The cemetery needs to be preserved.

With regards,

Maralyn Driver

Director



December 5, 2023

Mildred MacDougall Willow Church Cemetery Society 80 Elmfield Rd. Scotsburn, NS BOK 1RO

Dear Ms. MacDougall,

On behalf of Council and the Municipality of Colchester, I would like to express support for your application to have the Willow Church Cemetery designated as a Heritage Property by the Province of Nova Scotia. Being established in 1795, we recognize the significance the cemetery has to the rich history of both Tatamagouche and all of Colchester County.

We appreciate the Society's dedicated stewardship of this historical gem over the past fiftyplus years. We wish you all the best in your efforts to achieve the well-deserved Heritage Property designation.

Kind regards,

Christine Blair

Listene Paul

Mayor

Letter of Support, Willow Church Cemetery.

Michael Gregory
mildredmacdougall@hotmail.com
Mon, Dec 4, 2023, 8:24 PM

Dear Mildred MacDougall,

I write this letter in support of the Willow Church Road Cemetery Society's application for heritage designation. I am quite familiar with this cemetery, and the great historical importance that it has for this community and the fact that it is the resting place of Wellwood Waugh. I have always taken notice of the fact that this cemetery has been so well maintained since I came to Tatamagouche in 1989. Anyone who knows or reads the historical facts about the cemetery will immediately understand the importance it has to this small community and to the many descendants of Wellwood Waugh. This is a big part of the history of Tatamagouche, and I feel it should be given the historical designation that it deserves.

Yours truly,

Michael Gregory Councillor, District 7



Municipality of Colchester

1 Church St, Truro, NS, B2N 3Z5

Phone: 902-305-4002

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HOUSE OF COMMONS
CHAMBRE DES COMMUNES
CANADA

⊙r. Ostephen Ællis

Member of Parliament Cumberland-Colchester Shadow Minister of Health

Monday, January 15, 2024

To Whom It May Concern,

I would like to take this opportunity to write a letter of support to designate the Willow Church Cemetery as a heritage property in Tatamagouche, Nova Scotia.

The Willow Church Cemetery is an important part of history in both Tatamagouche and North Colchester.

In 1795, The Willow Church Cemetery was the first Protestant Cemetery Church established in North Colchester by Wellwood Waugh. He was the first Scottish settler in the Tatamagouche area in 1781.

Since there were no other churches in the area, Mr. Waugh saw the need for a place of worship. He and his sons built the first Willow Church. After a storm destroyed the church in 1820, they rebuilt but unfortunately it was destroyed in a fire in 1935. All that remains is the cemetery.

The Willow Church Cemetery Society, which maintains the property, is a dedicated group of volunteers who work tirelessly to continue the maintenance of this property. I fully support their endeavour to have this site designated as a historical property in Nova Scotia.

I hope you will consider their request as they aim to preserve the historical significance and future of the Willow Church Cemetery.

Kind personal regards,

Dr. Stephen Ellis

Member of Parliament for Cumberland-Colchester



Tom Taggart MLA Colchester North

Mildred MacDougall

October 24,2023

Phone: 902-641-2335

Email: tom.taggartmla@gmail.com

President-Willow Church Cemetery Society

Dear Mrs.MacDougall,

I am writing to you today in support of the Willow Church Cemetery in Waugh's River, Tatamagouche and of the importance of having this cemetery designated as a heritage property.

As the MLA for Colchester North, I lend my support to this project, and I recognize the importance of preserving the history of these sacred properties. It is an important part for us to hold onto our roots and recognize their significance.

It is my hope that this cemetery will be recognized as a historical site and the application will be considered for heritage designation.

Please reach out if there is anything I can do to assist in this process.

Regards,

Tom Taggart MLA

Colchester North

Bethel Presbyterian Church 1162 Campbell Hill Rd. Scotsburn, NS BOK 1R0

September 30, 2023

Re: Willow Church Cemetery

To Whom it May Concern:

For over 40 years I've been serving multiple congregations in Cumberland, Colchester and Pictou County as a Presbyterian minister. For much of that time served as the Archivist for the Synod of the Atlantic Provinces within The Presbyterian Church in Canada which is housed in First Presbyterian Church in New Glasgow, Pictou County.

The past few years across the northern region of Nova Scotia I've witnessed first-hand a rapid decline in caretakers for rural cemeteries, mostly due to the deaths of those who for years volunteered to do so.

Old headstones are tilting and breaking. Bushes and trees are overtaking cleared land and getting lawns mowed is becoming more difficult each year. We are rapidly losing our old cemeteries as nature takes over.

The first known burial in the Willow Church Cemetery was in 1795. Volunteers have been fantastic, but the few currently able to care for the cemetery are now reached the situation where age and health is weakening their ability to maintain the property without assistance.

The Willow Church Cemetery Society and I humbly support wholeheartedly the need for the Willow Church Cemetery to be designated a Heritage Property as one of the oldest known graveyard in that area of North Colchester.

Sincerely,

Rev. Dr. Glen Matheson 1159 Campbell Hill Rd.

Scotsburn, Nova Scotia BOK 1R0

glen.matheson@bellaliant.net

902-396-7732 cell